

Overview of Strategies and Methods – Addition

	Overview of Strategies and Metho	
	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Addition	Year 1Using place valueCount in 1se.g. $45 + 1$ Count in 10se.g. $45 + 10$ without counting on in 1s 34 36 44 46 44 56 Add 10 to any given 2-digit numberCount on in 1se.g. $8 + 3$ as 8 , 9 , 10 , 11 $8, 9, 10, 11$	Year 2Using place valueKnow 1 more or 10 more than any numbere.g. 1 more than 67e.g. 10 more than 85Partitioninge.g. 55 + 37 as 50 + 30 and 5 + 7, then finally combine the two totals: 80 + 12 $50 + 30 = 80$ $52 + 37$ $50 + 30 = 80$ $55 + 37$ $50 + 30 = 80$ 92 Counting onAdd 10 and multiples of 10 to a given 1- or 2-digit numbere.g. 76 + 20 as 76, 86, 96 or in one hop: 76 + 20 = 96Add two 2-digit numbers by counting on in 10s, then in 1se.g. 55 + 37 as 55 + 30 (85) + 7 = 92
	Add, putting the larger number first Count on in 10s e.g. 45 + 20 as 45, 55, 65	$\begin{array}{c} +10 \\ & +10 \\ & 55 \\ & 60 \\ & 55 \\ & 60 \\ & 65 \\ & 70 \\ & 75 \\ & 80 \\ & 85 \\ & 90 \\ & 92 \\ & 100 \\ \end{array}$ Add near multiples of 10 e.g. 46 + 19 e.g. 63 + 21



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Addition

	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Addition	Using number facts 'Story' of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 e.g. $7 = 7 + 0$, $6 + 1$, $5 + 2$, $4 + 3$ Number bonds to 10 e.g. $5 + 5$, $6 + 2$, $7 + 3$, $8 + 2$, $9 + 1$, $10 + 0$ 10 + 0 10 + 0	Using number facts Know pairs of numbers which make the numbers up to and including 12 e.g. $8 = 4 + 4$, $3 + 5$, $2 + 6$, $1 + 7$, $0 + 8$ e.g. $10 = 5 + 5$, $4 + 6$, $3 + 7$, $2 + 8$, $1 + 9$, $0 + 10$ Use patterns based on known facts when adding e.g. $6 + 3 = 9$, so we know $36 + 3 = 39$, $66 + 3 = 69$, $56 + 3 = 59$ Bridging 10 e.g. $57 + 5 = 57 + 3$ (60) + $2 = 62$ +3 +2 50 57 60 52 70
		Add three or more 1-digit numbers, spotting bonds to 10 or doubles e.g. $3 + 5 + 3 = 6 + 5 = 11$ e.g. $8 + 2 + 4 = 10 + 4 = 14$

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	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Subtraction	Year 1Using place valueCount back in 1se.g. Know $53 - 10$ without counting back in 1s3233344243445254Taking awayCount back in 1se.g. $11 - 3$ as 11 , 10 , 9 , 8	Year 2 Using place value Know 1 less or 10 less than any number e.g. 1 less than 74 e.g. 10 less than 82 Partitioning e.g. 55 – 32 as 50 – 30 and 5 – 2 and combine the answers: 20 + 3 55 - 32 = 50 - 30 and 5 - 2 and combine the answers: 20 + 3 $55 - 32 = 5 - 2 = 3 - 23$ Taking away Subtract 10 and multiples of 10 e.g. 76 - 20 as 76, 66, 56 or in one hop: 76 - 20 = 56
Mental 8	e.g. $14 - 3 as 14, 13, 12, 11$ (4, 13, 12, 11) (4, 13, 12, 11) (4, 13, 12, 11) (4, 13, 12, 11) (5, 12) (14, 13, 12, 11) (5, 12) (5, 12)	e.g. $76 - 20$ as 76, 66, 56 or in one nop: $76 - 20 = 56$ Subtract two 2-digit numbers by counting back in 10s, then in 1s e.g. $67 - 34$ as 67 subtract 30 (37) then count back 4 (33) -30 30 37 40 50 60 67 70 Subtract near multiples of 10 e.g. $74 - 21$ e.g. $57 - 19$



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Subtraction

	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Subtraction	Using number facts 'Story' of 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 e.g. 'Story' of 7 is $7 - 1 = 6$, $7 - 2 = 5$, $7 - 3 = 4$ Number bonds to 10 e.g. $10 - 1 = 9$, $10 - 2 = 8$, $10 - 3 = 7$ 10 - 7 = 3 Subtract using patterns of known facts e.g. $7 - 3 = 4$ so we know $27 - 3 = 24$, $47 - 3 = 44$, $77 - 3 = 74$	Using number facts Know pairs of numbers which make the numbers up to and including 12 and derive related subtraction facts e.g. $10 - 6 = 4$, $8 - 3 = 5$, $5 - 2 = 3$ Subtract using patterns of known facts e.g. $9 - 3 = 6$, so we know $39 - 3 = 36$, $69 - 3 = 66$, $89 - 3 = 86$ -3





Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication

					,	Yea	r 1					Year 2
	Counting Count in 2		teps	('cle	ver'	coui	nting)				Counting in steps ('clever' counting) Count in 2s, 5s and 10s
			2	2 2		2 2			2			
по	Count in 10	Ds	J	I	I		I		20	I		5 5 5 5 5 5
cati		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	/10§	
ipli		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	0 10 20 30
Ault		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
al N		31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	Begin to count in 3s
Mental Multiplication		41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	Doubling and halving
2		51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	Begin to know doubles of multiples of 5 to 100 e.g. <i>double 35 is 70</i>
		61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	
		71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	
		81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	0 10 20 30
		91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	Begin to double 2-digit numbers less than 50 with 1s digits of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication

	Year 1	Year 2
Mental Multiplication	<text></text>	Grouping Use arrays to find answers to multiplication and relate to 'clever' counting e.g. 3 × 4 as three lots of four things e.g. 6 × 5 as six steps in the 5s count as well as six lots of five
Me		$5 \qquad 5 \qquad$

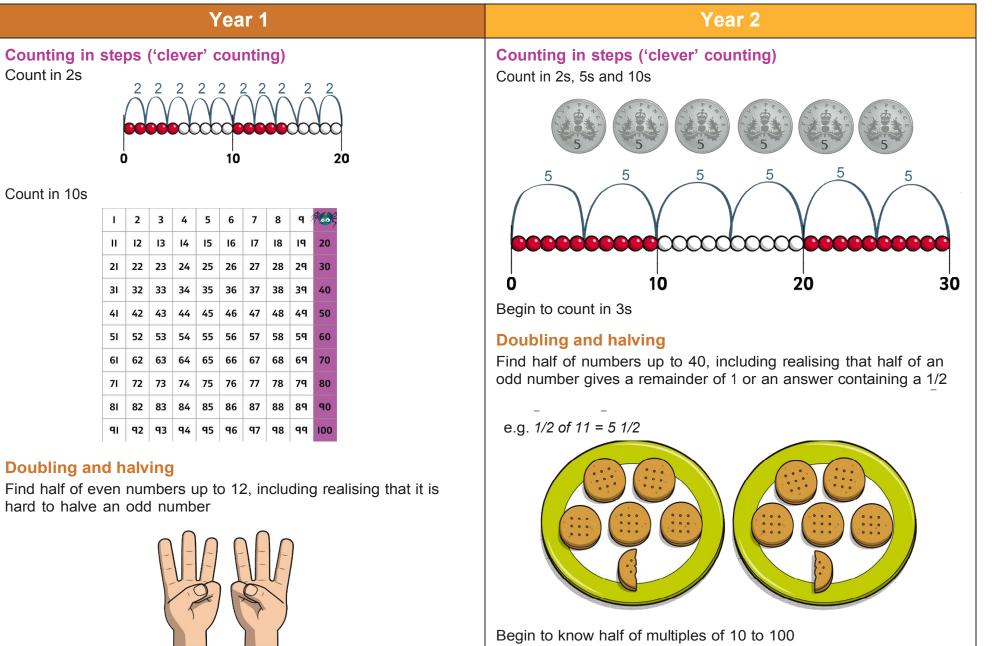


Overview of Strategies and Methods – Multiplication

 Begin to use visual and concrete arrays and sets of objects to fixe answers to three lots of four or two lots of five arrays and sets of objects to fixe arrays and sets of objects of fixe arrays and sets of the sets array and sets of the sets array and sets of the sets arrays and sets of the sets array and sets of the sets array and sets of the sets of the sets array and sets of the sets of the sets array and sets of the sets array and sets of the sets of the sets array and sets of the sets of the sets array and sets of the sets of the sets array and sets of the sets		Year 1	Year 2
	Mental Multiplication	Grouping Begin to use visual and concrete arrays and sets of objects to find the answers to 'three lots of four' or 'two lots of five'	Using number facts Know doubles to double 20 e.g. <i>double 7 is 14</i>



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Division



ALWAYS LEARNING



Overview of Strategies and Methods – Division

	Year 1	Year 2			
Mental Division	Grouping Begin to use visual and concrete arrays and 'sets of' objects to find the answers to questions such as 'How many towers of three can I make with twelve cubes?' Sharing Begin to find half of a quantity using sharing e.g. find half of 16 cubes by giving one each repeatedly to two children	Grouping Relate division to multiplication by using arrays or towers of cubes to find answers to division e.g. 'How many towers of five cubes can I make from twenty cubes?' as _ × 5 = 20 and also as 20 ÷ 5 = _ Image: Comparison of the cubes of the cubes can I make from twenty cubes?' as _ × 5 = 20 and also as 20 ÷ 5 = _ Image: Comparison of the cubes of the cubes can I make from twenty cubes?' as _ × 5 = 20 and also as 20 ÷ 5 = _ Image: Comparison of the cubes o			
		$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			
		Using number facts Know half of even numbers to 24 Know ×2, ×5 and ×10 division facts Begin to know ×3 division facts			